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TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER			EXAMINER	
			ORTIZ, BELIX M	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/783,715	STAGGS, ROBERT		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	BELIX M. ORTIZ	2164		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 Second This action is FINAL . 2b)☑ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under Expression 1.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11,18-24 and 26-30 is/are pending i 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11, 18-24, 26-30 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 19 February 2004 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P	te		
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) U Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

1. In response to communications files on 11-September-2009. Therefore, claims 1-11, 18-24, and 26-30 are presently pending in the application.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments, see Appeal Brief, filed 9/11/2009, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-11, 18-24, and 26-30 under Schmonsees and Tami have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-7 and 29-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) (Eff. Filing date of application 2/19/2004) as being unpatentable over <u>Schmonsees</u> (U.S. patent 5,842,221) (Eff. filing date of application 2/19/1997) in view of <u>Tami et al.</u> (US Pub. 2004/0133474) (Eff. filing date of application: 12/31/2002) (hereinafter Tami) further in view of eHelp (DynaHelp Analyzes

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customer interactions to Dynamically improve web site Usability (Eff. filing date of publication: 10/23/2000) (Hereinafter eHelp).

As to claim 1, <u>Schmonsees</u> teaches a computer-implemented method comprising: receiving a request from a user to access a frequently asked questions (FAQ) page in order to obtain information, wherein the FAQ page provides at least one question with an answer corresponding to the question (see abstract and column 1, lines 4-7).

<u>Schmonsees</u> does not expressly teach retrieving account data for the user, wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user; and

wherein the selected questions along with the corresponding answers are displayed to the user.

<u>Tami</u> teaches method of processing customer information for a retail environment (see abstract), in which he teaches retrieving account data for the user, wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user (see paragraphs 322 and 416); and

wherein the selected questions along with the corresponding answers are displayed to the user (see paragraphs 416, 424 and 443).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Schmonsees by the teaching of Tami because retrieving account data for the user, wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user; and wherein the selected questions along with the corresponding answers are displayed to the user, would enable the method to show to the right user the account that belong to that user and the method facilitate the search to the user providing information in view of the user personal data.

Schmonsees nor Tami expressly teaches selecting at least one of a set of questions to display to the user based on the account data so that the set of question are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user, rather than based solely on topics selected by the user.

<u>eHelp</u> teaches customer assistance software solution (see document), in which he teaches selecting at least one of a set of questions to display to the user based on the account data so that the set of question are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user, rather than based solely on topics selected by the user (see page 2, paragraph 5).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>eHelp</u> because selecting at least one of a set of questions to display to the user based on the account data so that the set of question are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user, rather than based solely on topics selected by the user, would enable the method to save some time to the user every time the user login on the account.

"Patent-pending iPredict technology anticipates where customers need help based on prior patterns, and has the answers waiting for them. Ineffect, iPredict dynamically generates FAQ's for the Web site, and then continuously updates them to stay in sync with new content and with customers changing needs. This instant assistance and targeted information leads to greater site usability and increased customer satisfaction", (see page 2, paragraph 5).

As to claim 2, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches the method further comprising formatting a set of personalized answers to the set of questions using the account data (see <u>Schmonsees</u>,

column 3, lines 56-58).

As to claim 3, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches wherein formatting a set of personalized answers comprises selecting a first answer for a first question from a set of answers for the first question (see <u>Schmonsees</u>, claim 1 and column 3, lines 56-58).

As to claim 4, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches wherein selecting a first answer comprises determining when a condition for the first answer is satisfied (see <u>Schmonsees</u>, claim 1).

As to claim 5, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches the method further comprising displaying the set of questions and the set of personalized answers to the user (see <u>Schmonsees</u>, column 2, lines 29-40 and column 5, lines 27-32).

As to claim 6, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches the method further comprising:

before displaying the questions, determining an order for the set of questions using the user data (see Schmonsees, column 4, lines 35-43 and column 5, lines 8-15); and

wherein displaying the set of questions comprises displaying the set of questions in the determined order (see <u>Schmonsees</u>, figure 6).

As to claim 7, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches wherein formatting a set of personalized answers comprises formatting at least one question to display information specific to the user by

using the user account data (see Schmonsees, claim 1; column 3, lines 56-58; and column 4, lines 35-43).

As to claim 29, Schmonsees teaches a computer-implemented method comprising: receiving a request from a user to access a frequently asked questions (FAQ) page in order to obtain information, wherein the FAQ page provides at least one question with an answer corresponding to the question (see abstract and column 1, lines 4-7); and

determining an order for the set of question based on the account data (see col. 4, lines 35-43 and col. 5, lines 8-15).

Schmonsees does not expressly teach retrieving account data for the user, wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user; and

displaying the selected questions to the user in the determined order along with the corresponding answers.

Tami teaches method of processing customer information for a retail environment (see abstract), in which he teaches retrieving account data for the user, wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user (see paragraphs 322 and 416); and

displaying the selected questions to the user in the determined order along with the corresponding answers (see paragraphs 416, 424 and 443) also (see Schmonsees fig. 6).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Schmonsees by the teaching of Tami because retrieving account data for the user, wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user; and wherein the selected questions along with the corresponding answers are displayed to

the user, would enable the method to show to the right user the account that belong to that user and the method facilitate the search to the user providing information in view of the user personal data.

Schmonsees nor Tami expressly teaches selecting at least one of a set of questions to display to the user based on the account data so that the set of question are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user, rather than based solely on topics selected by the user.

eHelp teaches customer assistance software solution (see document), in which he teaches selecting at least one of a set of questions to display to the user based on the account data so that the set of question are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user, rather than based solely on topics selected by the user (see page 2, paragraph 5).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>eHelp</u> because selecting at least one of a set of questions to display to the user based on the account data so that the set of question are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user, rather than based solely on topics selected by the user, would enable the method to save some time to the user every time the user login on the account.

"Patent-pending iPredict technology anticipates where customers need help based on prior patterns, and has the answers waiting for them. Ineffect, iPredict dynamically generates FAQ's for the Web site, and then continuously updates them to stay in sync with new content and with customers changing needs. This instant assistance and targeted information leads to greater site usability and increased customer satisfaction", (see page 2, paragraph 5).

As to claim 30, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches wherein the account data is related to activity in a user account (see <u>Tami</u>, paragraphs 424 and 442).

5. Claims 18, 20, and 22-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) (Eff. Filing date of application 2/19/2004) as being unpatentable over <u>Schmonsees</u> (U.S. patent 5,842,221) (Eff. filing date of application 2/19/1997) in view of <u>Busey et al.</u> (U.S. patent 6,377,944) (Eff. Filing date of application: 12/11/1998) (hereinafter Busey) and further in view of <u>Tami et al.</u> (US Pub. 2004/0133474) (Eff. filing date of application: 12/31/2002) (hereinafter Tami).

As to claim 18, <u>Schmonsees</u> teaches a computer-implemented method comprising: receiving a request from a user to access a frequently asked questions (FAQ) page about a loan acceleration program, wherein the FAQ page provides at least one question with an answer corresponding to the question (see abstract and column 1, lines 4-7);

retrieving account data for the user, the account data including a type of repayment schedule for the loan acceleration program (see column 3, lines 50-55 and column 5, lines 8-19); and

selecting a first question to display to the user based on type of repayment schedule (see claim 1).

<u>Schmonsees</u> does not expressly teach selecting at least one additional question to display to the user using the account data.

<u>Busey</u> teaches web response unit including computer network based communication (see abstract), in which he teaches selecting at least one additional question to display to the user using the account data (see fig. 3, character 310).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>Busey</u> because selecting at least one additional question to display to the user using the account data, would enable the method to show to the right user the account that belong to that user and the method facilitate the search to the user providing information in view of the user preferences.

<u>Schmonsees</u> does not expressly teach wherein the selected questions along with the corresponding answers are displayed to the user

<u>Tami</u> teaches method of processing customer information for a retail environment (see abstract), in which he teaches wherein the selected questions along with the corresponding answers are displayed to the user (see paragraphs 416, 424 and 443).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>Tami</u> because wherein the selected questions along with the corresponding answers are displayed to the user, would enable the method to show extra information to the user, information that maybe it will be useful to him/her.

As to claim 20, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches the method further comprising formatting an answer to one of the questions using the account data (see <u>Schmonsees</u>, column 3, lines 56-58).

As claim 22, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches the method further comprising determining that the account data indicates a recent change to the account; and selecting a second question related to the change to display to the user (see <u>Schmonsees</u>, claim1; col.2, line s29-40; col. 4, lines 35-43;; col. 5, lines 27-32)

As claim 23, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches the method further comprising ordering the second question to be displayed before the first question and the additional question (see <u>Schmonsees</u>, col. 4, line 35-43 and col. 5, lines 8-15).

6. Claims 8-11 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) (Eff. Filing date of application 2/19/2004) as being unpatentable by Schmonsees (U.S. patent 5,842,221) (Eff. filing date of application 2/19/1997) in view of in view of Tami et al. (US Pub. 2004/0133474) (Eff. filing date of application: 12/31/2002) (hereinafter Tami) further in view of eHelp (DynaHelp Analyzes customer interactions to Dynamically improve web site Usability (Eff. filing date of publication: 10/23/2000) (Hereinafter eHelp), as applied to claims 1-7 and 29-30 above, and further in view of Namba (U.S. Pub. 2003/0018629) (Eff. Filing date of application 1/31/2002).

As to claim 8, <u>Schmonsees</u> teaches wherein determining the set of questions comprises: evaluating a condition for a first question (see claim 1).

Schmonsees does not teach when the condition is satisfied, selecting the first question.

Namba teaches document clustering device, document searching system, and FAQ preparing system (see abstract), in which he teaches when the condition is satisfied, selecting the first question (see abstract).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>Namba</u> because when the condition is satisfied, selecting the first question, would enable the method to continue with the next step if the user past the condition, this make the method more secure.

As to claims 9, 10, 11, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches wherein the FAQ pages have condition (see <u>Namba</u>, abstract and paragraph 36).

As to claim 19, <u>Schmonsees</u> teaches the method further comprising: selecting an answer for one of the questions from a set of answers based on the determining (see figure 6).

<u>Schmonsees</u> does not teach determining that the account data indicates the user is eligible for a service.

Namba teaches document clustering device, document searching system, and FAQ preparing system (see abstract), in which he teaches determining that the account data indicates the user is eligible for a service (see abstract).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>Namba</u> because determining that the account data indicates the user is eligible for a service, would enable the method to continue with the next step if the user past the condition, this make the method more secure.

7. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) (Eff. Filing date of application 2/19/2004) as being unpatentable by Schmonsees (U.S. patent 5,842,221) (Eff. filing date of application 2/19/1997) in view of Busey et al. (U.S. patent 6,377,944) (Eff. Filing date of application: 12/11/1998) (hereinafter Busey) and in view of Tami et al. (US Pub. 2004/0133474) (Eff. filing date of application: 12/31/2002) (hereinafter Tami), as applied to claims 18, 20, 22-24, and 26-28 above, and further in view of Lee et al. (U.S. Pub. 2003/0200118) (Eff. Filing date of application 4/18/2003).

As to claim 21, <u>Schmonsees</u> does not teach wherein formatting an answer comprises inserting a payment amount paid by the user into the answer.

Lee et al. teaches system and method for payment of medical claims (see abstract), in which he teaches wherein formatting an answer comprises inserting a payment amount paid by the user into the answer (see abstract and paragraph 3).

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It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>Lee at al.</u>, because wherein formatting an answer comprises inserting a payment amount paid by the user into the answer, would enable the method to add more information to the answer in view of the information stored on the user account.

8. Claims 24 and 26-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) (Eff. Filing date of application 2/19/2004) as being unpatentable over Schmonsees (U.S. patent 5,842,221) (Eff. filing date of application 2/19/1997) in view of Busey et al. (U.S. patent 6,377,944) (Eff. Filing date of application: 12/11/1998) (hereinafter Busey) and further in view of Tami et al. (US Pub. 2004/0133474) (Eff. filing date of application: 12/31/2002) (hereinafter Tami) further in view of eHelp (DynaHelp Analyzes customer interactions to Dynamically improve web site Usability (Eff. filing date of publication: 10/23/2000) (Hereinafter eHelp).

As to claim 24, <u>Schmonsees</u> teaches a system for providing a frequently asked questions (FAQ) page wherein the FAQ page provides at least one question with an answer corresponding to the question (see abstract and column 1, lines 4-7), comprising:

a first set of data containing a plurality of questions (see column 5, lines 12-13);

a third set of data containing a plurality of answer, wherein each of the answers is associated with at least one of the questions and each of the questions is associated with one or more answers (see figure 6; claim 1; column 2, lines 29-39; column 5, lines 8-19; and col. 4, lines 2-5);

logic, communicatively coupled to the first set of data and the second set of data, the logic to receive a request from a user to access the frequently asked questions (FAQ) page, to retrieve from the second set of data the account data for the user, and to select a group of questions from the first set of data and associated answers from the third set of data to display to the user based on the account data for the user, so that the displayed group of questions are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user (see column 5, lines 8-19).

Schmonsees does not expressly teaches a second set of data containing account data for a plurality of users, wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user, but.

Busey teaches web response unit including computer network based communication (see abstract), in which he teaches a second set of data containing account data for a plurality of users (see col. 13, lines 52-56).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>Busey</u> because a second set of data containing account data for a plurality of users, would enable the method to show to the right user the account that belong to that user and the method facilitate the search to the user providing information in view of the user preferences.

<u>Schmonsees</u> does not expressly teach wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user.

<u>Tami</u> teaches method of processing customer information for a retail environment (see abstract), in which he teaches wherein the account data is associated with personal data related to the user (see paragraphs 322 and 416) (same motivation of claim 1, above).

<u>Schmonsees, Busey, nor Tami</u> expressly teaches FAQ based on the account data so that the displayed group of questions are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user.

<u>eHelp</u> teaches customer assistance software solution (see document), in which he teaches FAQ based on the account data so that the displayed group of questions are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user (see page 2, paragraph 5).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified <u>Schmonsees</u> by the teaching of <u>eHelp</u> because FAQ based on the account data so that the displayed group of questions are personal to the user based on the personal data of the user, would enable the method to save some time to the user every time the user login on the account.

"Patent-pending iPredict technology anticipates where customers need help based on prior patterns, and has the answers waiting for them. Ineffect, iPredict dynamically generates FAQ's for the Web site, and then continuously updates them to stay in sync with new content and with customers changing needs. This instant assistance and targeted information leads to greater site usability and increased customer satisfaction", (see page 2, paragraph 5).

As to claim 26, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches wherein the logic selects an answer to one of the group questions, based on the account data for the user, from a plurality of answers contained in the third set associated with the group question (see Schmonsees, figure 6).

As to claim 27, <u>Schmonsees</u> as modified teaches wherein the logic formats an answer to one of the group questions by inserting data obtained from the account data for the user into the

answer (see Schmonsees, claim1; column 3, lines 56-58 and column 4, lines 35-43).

As to claim 28, Schmonsees as modified teaches the system further comprising a display mechanism to display the group of questions (see Schmonsees, column 5, lines 12-15).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Belix M. Ortiz whose telephone number is 571-272-4081. The examiner can normally be reached on moday-friday 9am-5pm.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Charles Rones/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2164